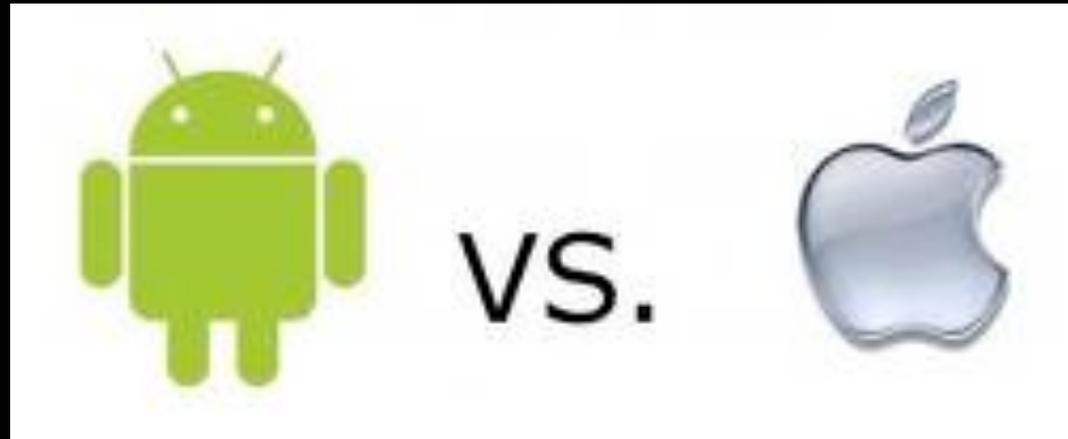


Open vs. Closed



CFP Spring 2011
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Debate



What is Open ?



Open System

- ✓ Non-proprietary system
- ✓ Based publicly known Standards
- ✓ Defined Interfaces
- ✓ Fully published
- ✓ Not controlled by a single entity

What is Closed?



Closed System

- ✓ Details of implementation are secret
- ✓ No interoperability with third parties
- ✓ Typically controlled by a profit making entity

What are
the
drivers?



Open System Drivers

- ✓ Status
- ✓ Contribution
- ✓ Social Capital
- ✓ Create other markets



Closed System Drivers

- ✓ Control
- ✓ Lock-in
- ✓ Money





Open or Closed?

Open: When?

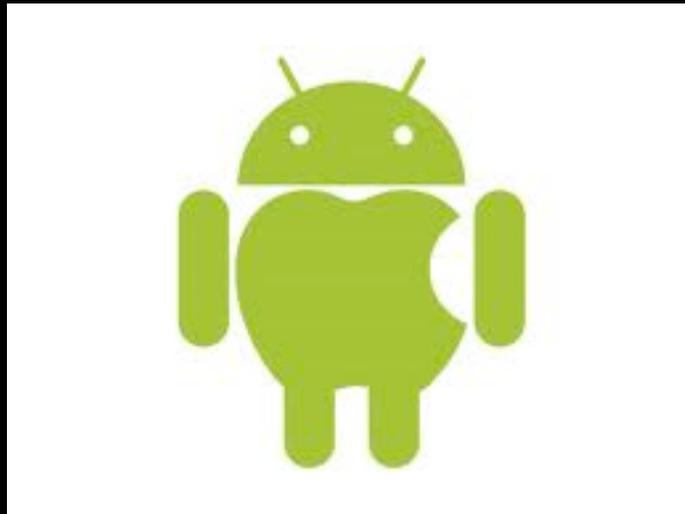
- ✓ Standards to propagate
- ✓ More customers = More Value
- ✓ Community
- ✓ Long-term Strategy



Closed: When?

- ✓ Unique Attribute to Create Value
- ✓ Targeting “premium” customers
- ✓ Avoid Copies





Open and Closed?

Open and Closed?

- ✓ Not mutually exclusive
- ✓ Strategically apply each advantage
 - ✓ Open: Generate Opportunities
 - ✓ Closed: Leverage your strengths



Open and Closed Combinations

QoS

Supply- Side
(Service Provider)
NEEDS

Ubiquity



Leverage
Strengths



Generate
Opportunities



\$

Demand - Side
(End User)
CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE



Open and Closed: Real Examples

	Android	Windows	iPhone
Demand-Side User (End User)	Open	Open	Open
Supply-Side User (Application Developer)	Open	Open	Open (*)
Platform Provider (Hardware/OS Bundle)	Open	Open	Closed
Design & IP Rights Owner	Open	Closed	Closed
Application Distribution	Open	Closed	Closed

Source: Opening Platforms: How, When and Why? Harvard Business School and Android Developers Web Page

Questions?...

Thanks!